Park School & Outreach Service

Relationships and Sex Education Policy 2021/22



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Contents

1. Aims	3
2. Statutory requirements	3
3. Policy development	4
4. Definition	4
5. Curriculum	5
6. Delivery of RSE	5
7. Roles and responsibilities	6
8. Parents' right to withdraw	7
9. Training	7
10. Monitoring arrangements	7
Appendix 1: Curriculum map	9
Appendix 2: By the end of post primary school pupils should know	11
Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE	

1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- >Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- >Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- ▶ Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- >Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

RSE provision and content within the school also ties in centrally to the Park School aims:

- To provide a happy, safe and supportive environment that promotes the development of the whole pupil.
- To develop self-confidence, self-esteem and independence in each pupil.

By providing our students and their parents with the information and confidence to be able to discuss and share any concerns or issues, we empower them to make better choices, build confidence and help each other.

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained secondary school for students with special educational needs we must provide RSE to all pupils as per the Children and Social work act 2017.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to to guidance issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review a member of staff or working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
- 2. Staff consultation all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to attend a meeting about the policy
- 4. Pupil consultation we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

The Northern Ireland Curriculum aims to empower young people to achieve their potential and to make informed and responsible decisions throughout their lives. Personal Development, within which Relationships and Sexuality Education is firmly grounded, is at the core of the Northern Ireland Curriculum. The centrality of Personal Development reflects the importance which CCEA places on delivering appropriate age-related Relationships and Sexuality Education within a clear values framework. The delivery of Relationships and Sexuality Education contributes to 'promoting pupils' personal growth and development and in supporting their academic achievement' (ETI, 2011, page 22) – that is, developing each child as a whole.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but will be adapted it as and when necessary to suit the needs of our pupils.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) Education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the Science curriculum, and other aspects are included in Religious Education (RE).

Pupils also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by a trained health professional.

RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including:

- **>**Families
- > Respectful relationships, including friendships
- Online and media
- >Being safe
- Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers)

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The Board of Governors

The governing board will hold the Principal to account for the implementation of this policy.

The governing board has delegated the approval of this policy to Mrs Davis, Principal.

7.2 The Principal

The Principal is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from components of RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Development of RSE curriculum and resources (A. Steward)
- Development of RSE action plan, audit and review process (A. Steward & E. Dupree)
- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- >Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- >Monitoring progress
- > Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the Principal.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from components of sex education within RSE up to and until 3 terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the school will arrange this.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the Principal.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The Principal will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The Principal & RSE co-ordinator (A. Steward) will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by A Steward (RSE Co-ordinator) and E Dupree (SLT member) through:

Annual audit and review process, student voice questionnaires, staff feedback sessions and lesson observations as required.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed annually by A Steward (RSE Co-ordinator) and E Dupree (SLT member). At every review, the policy will be approved by B. Davis (Principal)

Appendix 1: Curriculum map

Relationships and sex education curriculum map

KEY STAGE	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
KS 3	 ❖ Resilience& Self Esteem ❖ Staying safe online ❖ Physical Development & Puberty ❖ Healthy Relationships ❖ Gender, Identity & Sexuality ❖ Consent & Risk General Resources 	https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1O4LcQ3te qe7soiEZkfLvQkz4V9IVhklx https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1BuO6KSY QTUQX31sSnGzcz9C16v2-bgSe https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1oLArqMu hLW Tm8HVcWGVWwIDAnW5Nilf https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1vniHuoKT 3Tp6nwWidEMEvEI5yfhuSBXp https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/10qMD2qD 3qJZz5ZJkLa5d PuOH3CODdhf https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1XphDx0ha 1rhgBYCSOV14IA9FkDFLPajy http://ccea.org.uk/curriculum/rse/about CCEA RSE Hub

KEY STAGE	TOPIC/THEME DETAILS	RESOURCES
KS 4	 ❖ Resilience & Self Esteem ❖ Relationships ❖ Consent & Risk ❖ Online Safety ❖ Physical Development & Puberty ❖ Gender, Identity & Sexuality 	 https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1vUcMIDOZ 9GRgt37UPt8XjRNPuFjbwWCh https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1OrPEQ9O7 mjGng9Vm3Q0jeH8G-fcNc18w https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1fj49Exe8zm drMHoh-DVrFj-QvfXEZyPP https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1VCHjse8pY W1OlzwZLZUhTMqnyVhX1j1p https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1qYD990Mk yALnHAyOllNJmLuX1dcTQxt https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1wsb3k6qlLl vNc-olL4PYACkFNFZZNtF5 http://ccea.org.uk/curriculum/rse/about
Post 16	 ❖ Relationships & Consent ❖ Physical Development & Puberty ❖ Online Safety ❖ Resilience & Self Esteem ❖ STIs & Contraception ❖ Gender, Identity & Sexuality General Information 	 CCEA RSE Hub ♦ https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1eemRGZOidwEJI2XoP2uI7SqEK7EMGm0K ♦ https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/194WbsDSYgigvJJ Vh6dUSy7KP8zSVr6I ♦ https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1MjwqkZKjTbTmCYkQOxHhuUnkbb2sjeit ♦ https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1-tSopNwi7yoQniVm27QEZ 6cJb9CkqVi ♦ https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1MLYbtf 7nH2yDsbCBhsQlLhfAm0PbV38 ♦ https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1cXlZfmQe5Cgry6vrjBTq2FgLw7RiU4UN ♦ https://ccea.org.uk/curriculum/rse/aboutCCEA RSE Hub

Appendix 2: By the end of secondary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
	 That there are different types of committed, stable relationships How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children What marriage is, including their legal status e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting How to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW		
Respectful relationships, including friendships	 The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to 		
	improve or support respectful relationships		
	• How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice)		
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs		
	 About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help 		
	That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control		
	What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable		
	 The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal 		

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Online and media	• Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online
	About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online
	 Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them
	What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online
	The impact of viewing harmful content
	• That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners
	• That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail
	How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online
Being safe	• The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships
	How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW		
Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health	 How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship 		
	• That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing		
	The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women		
	• That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others		
	That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex		
	The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available		
	The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage		
	• That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)		
	 How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing 		
	About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment		
	How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour		
	How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment		

Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS			
Name of child		Class	
Name of parent		Date	
Reason for withdr	rawing from sex education wit	hin relations	ships and sex education
Any other informa	ation you would like the schoo	l to conside	ſ
	I		
Parent signature			
TO BE COMPLETE	D BY THE SCHOOL		
Agreed actions		ns with pare	ents and agreed actions taken.
from discussion with parents	Eg: Joe Bloggs will be taking part in all relationships lessons and during the sex education lessons, he will be working independently on a project in the Year 5 classroom		